POZNAN UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY



EUROPEAN CREDIT TRANSFER AND ACCUMULATION SYSTEM (ECTS)

COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS

Course name Physics [S1TOZ1>FIZ2]

Course			
Field of study Circular System Technologies		Year/Semester 1/2	
Area of study (specialization)		Profile of study general academic	
Level of study first-cycle		Course offered in polish	
Form of study full-time		Requirements compulsory	
Number of hours			
Lecture 0	Laboratory classe 30	es	Other (e.g. online) 0
Tutorials 0	Projects/seminars 0	5	
Number of credit points 2,00			
Coordinators		Lecturers	
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Prerequisites

1. Student has knowledge of mathematics necessary to understand and describe the basic issues related to physics. 2. Student has an extended knowledge of classical physics. 3. Student is able to obtain information from the indicated sources of literature, the internet and other sources. He can use formulas, tables and technical calculations. 4. Student understands the need to expand his competences and is ready to cooperate in a team.

Course objective

1. To acquaint students with the practical application of knowledge of classical physics. 2. Developing students" skills in conducting experiments, data analysis, drawing conclusions and preparing reports. 3. Shaping students" ability to independently acquire knowledge, use literature and other sources. 4. Shaping students" teamwork skills.

Course-related learning outcomes

Knowledge:

1. has knowledge of mathematics that allows the use of mathematical methods to analyze the results and errors of measurements [k_w01].

2. has an extensive knowledge of classical physics including issues of mechanics, electromagnetism and optics necessary to understand the phenomena and changes occurring in technological and environmental processes [k_w02].

3. has knowledge of physics necessary to describe the concepts, concepts and principles of closed-loop technology as well as the characteristics of connections and dependencies between its components [k_w03].

4. knows the basic principles of occupational health and safety [k_w28].

Skills:

1. is able to obtain experimental data in the area of classical physics; interpret them and draw conclusions, formulate and justify opinions [k_u01].

can perform measurements and analyze the results and formulate conclusions on this basis [k_u03].
has the ability to independently acquire knowledge and learn in the field of classical physics, can read with understanding, conduct analyzes, syntheses, summaries [k_u04].

3. correctly uses in discussions and properly uses nomenclature and terminology in the field of classical physics [k_u05].

4. can plan and organize work individually and in a team [k_u08].

5. is able to develop an independent or team report on the performed experimental research [k_u15].

Social competences:

1. behaves professionally in every situation, acts in accordance with the moral principles and principles of professional ethics [k_k01].

2. interacts effectively in a team, playing various roles in it; objectively assesses the effects of his own work and that of team members $[k_k02]$.

3. independently determines and implements the action plan entrusted to him, defining priorities for its implementation, critically assesses the level of advancement in the implementation of the entrusted task [k_k03].

4. objectively assesses the level of their knowledge and skills, understands the importance of improving professional and personal competences adequately to the changing social conditions and the progress of science [k_k05].

Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

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The assessment of preparation for the laboratory is verified on the basis of an oral or written answer (10-15-minute test) at the beginning of the stationary or remotely class based on the issues related to the experiment. Assessment of knowledge and skills to perform the experience during the classes. Assessment of the knowledge and ability to prepare the report on the basis of the results obtained during the classes. The final grade is influenced by all partial grades (theoretical preparation, experimental skills, report preparation skills). The student gets credit for the course after obtaining all grades with a minimum grade of 3.0.

Programme content

Physical experiments will be performed on the basis of the knowledge of classical physics (mechanics, optics and electromagnetism) obtained during the lecture. For each exercise there is a theoretical introduction, the course of the exercise and the preparation of the report. The content of the program includes: analysis of results and errors, linear regression method, normal distribution, mean, standard deviation of the mean, computation of complex errors, rounding results, making charts.

Teaching methods

Overview of how to perform the experiment and the methods of analyzing the results on the blackboard. Taking measurements by a student in a group of two with the use of laboratory equipment. Individual discussing with student how to perform measurements and reports. Discussion on the conducted analysis and the content of the report.

Bibliography

Basic

- 1. S. Szuba, Ćwiczenia laboratoryjne z fizyki, Wydawnictwo Politechniki Poznańskiej, Poznań 2007.
- 2. D. Halliday, R. Resnick, J. Walker, Podstawy Fizyki, t. 1-5, PWN 2014.

3. W. Moebs, S.J. Ling, J. Sanny, Fizyka dla szkół wyższych, t. 1-3, OpenStax, https://openstax.pl/pl. Additional

- 1. K. Łapsa, Ćwiczenia laboratoryjne z fizyki, Wydawnictwo Politechniki Poznańskiej, Poznań 2008.
- 2. H. Szydłowski, Pracownia fizyczna, PWN, Warszawa 2003.

Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	50	2,00
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	38	1,50
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for laboratory classes/ tutorials, preparation for tests/exam, project preparation)	12	0,50